



HUGHES AFTER HENEY

Roasts the Oregon Land Frauds Man.

PLEGGED TO REFORM

Ex-Governor of Arizona Tells of Heney and His Early Days.

HENEY SAYS THINGS BACK

Bitter Controversy Caused by the Arrest of District Attorney's Brother, Waged Between Two Former Friends—Heney Accuses Hughes of Grafting.

Portland, Nov. 3.—As the result of the arrest of Ben Heney, of Arizona brother of District Attorney Francis J. Heney, of Oregon, for the alleged breach of government law regulating and cutting of timber of government land, an exceedingly warm controversy has been brought about between the brilliant prosecutor of land fraud fame, and Ex-Governor Hughes of Arizona. Mr. Heney said some rather caustic things, in an open letter a few days ago, and now the former governor is back with a few remarks just as biting as those of Mr. Heney.

The result of the present feud will be watched with considerable interest, as both men stand high in the estimation of the Administration at Washington. Ex-Governor Hughes is said to be a strong political factor in his state and is widely known as a National character. Francis J. Heney's success as an attorney is country-wide in its fame.

On the 31st day of last month, Mr. Heney received word of his brother's arrest. He was indignant at the charge and immediately wired a Democratic newspaper of this state his "open letter" on the subject he accused Hughes, now owner and editor of the Tucson Star, of having instigated the arrest of his brother Ben. He said that Hughes had been removed from office of governor of Arizona by President Cleveland on charges filed by him (Heney).

Interwoven in the war of personalities is the rumor that enemies of Heney have all along attempted to besmirch his character.

"Among the other things Mr. Heney says: 'The dispatch to the effect that my brother, Ben Heney, in Arizona, upon the charge of illegally cutting timber on government lands, was sent out from Tucson by L. C. Hughes, then owner and publisher of the Tucson Star, who was removed from the office of Governor of Arizona by President Cleveland more than ten years ago upon charges of grafting made by me.

'My brother was the lowest bidder and was awarded the contract to furnish 1,200 cords of wood to the United States military authorities at Fort Huachuca, to be there used for domestic purposes. An act of congress passed in 1878 ex-

pressly and specifically authorizes the cutting of timber on public mineral lands of the United States for this purpose.

"The arrest is pure spitwork, and my brother will fight it out in the courts, without asking any favors or considerations from any government officer, in Washington or elsewhere, and it is needless to say that he never has requested me to appear in his defense or to take any other action in his behalf in this matter."

Governor Hughes comes back in this style:

"I know nothing of the charges made against Ben Heney. Frank Heney's declaration that L. C. Hughes was removed from office as governor on charge of grafting made by him is untrue as it is malignant, as record will show, and as evidence of this I refer you to the secretary of the interior requesting him to open the records to you. It being a personal matter precludes my discussion of same in this connection.

"Frank J. Heney was unfortunately to me and Arizona, discovered about 20 years ago, a reckless, dissipated young man with some seeming redeeming qualities, those of energy and reasonable education. I took an interest in him on his pledge of reformation and aided in establishing him in a law practice, which he acquired rapidly through influence of my friends. His killing of Dr. J. C. Handy, which at that time seemed to be justifiable homicide, created terrible feeling in this country and throughout Arizona, as Handy was prominent in profession and politics. The night of Handy's death a number of citizens joined to take Heney from jail for summary punishment. I made personal appeal to the party to allow the law to take its course, thus saving Heney's life. When appointed governor, on the strong appeal of Heney's friends I appointed him attorney-general, the first and an official recognition he received in Arizona. No sooner was he appointed than he commenced to use his official power to avenge himself on his enemies, which were legion."

JOE JEFFERSON'S ESTATE.

Chicago, Nov. 3.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from New Iberia, La., says: The executors for the estate of the late Joseph Jefferson, the actor, yesterday deposited bonds for \$167,513. The estate is known as Jefferson's Island, former home of the actor. The property is said to be of much value in a mining way, salt having been dug there some time ago.

SHOOTS A LODGER.

Los Angeles, Nov. 2.—Miss Margaret H. Williamson this afternoon was found guilty of murder in the second degree, for the shooting of Richard Saunders Perry in this city on July 27, last. Miss Williamson, who is about 40 years of age, was the proprietress of the Piedmont Lodging House. Parry, a young man, was a roomer in the house. Miss Williamson went to Parry's room and shot him in the forehead with a revolver.

PRETTY SWIFT PEOPLE.

No York, Nov. 3.—The contest for the typewriter championship of the United States was held in Madison Square Gymnasium protection, to combat injurious contestants. The winner of the first prize of \$100 was Paul Muntz of this city, who wrote 2,000 words in thirty minutes. Miss May Carrington, of Springfield, Mass., was third, with a record of 2,004 words.

POOR RETURNS.

San Francisco, Nov. 3.—The whaling bark Alice Knoles arrived at this port yesterday. The total catch for the cruise will only aggregate 700 barrels of oil and 1800 pounds of bone.

EATS POISONED CANDY SENT TO HER MOTHER

Chicago, Nov. 3.—Finding of arsenic in candy sent to Mrs. L. E. Sangster, of Bloomington, Illinois, wife of the salesman of a candy company, has caused an investigation by the authorities. Mrs. Sangster is suing another woman for

ten thousand dollars, for alleged alienations of her husband's affections. Sangster was arrested at Lawrence, Kansas, tonight. His twelve year old daughter is seriously ill as the result of eating the poisoned candy.

SITUATION YET CRITICAL

Order Is Maintained by Armed Force.

RUSSIANS KILL JEWS

Foreigners in the South Appeal to Embassies for Protection From Outbreaks.

ODESSA IN STATE OF SIEGE

Many Russian Diplomats Consider That Count Witte is Disturbing Element in Russian Situation—Jews Are the Especial Object of Attacks.

Dispatches from Russia are very meagre. The situation at St. Petersburg where order is maintained by armed force, remains extremely critical, though improvement is shown in operation of the lighting plants and the occasional operations of trains. Reports intercepted from the frontier cities indicate that the Jews are the special object of attack especially at Kieff, where the slaughter is merciless and is accompanied by pillaging.

An unconfirmed report is to the effect that Kishineff has been destroyed by fire. A London St. Petersburg correspondent estimates that in the leading fifty provincial towns, one thousand have been killed and ten thousand wounded within the last twenty four hours. The revolutionary movement in Finland is still unchecked. The Finnish national government is opposing the advance of Russian troops, compelling them to retire.

Odessa in State of Siege.

Odessa, Nov. 4.—On this, the fourth day of terror, the peaceful population of this city is practically under siege. All the public markets are closed. It is utterly impossible to obtain bread and meat and the other necessities of life. Today a lawless mob pillaged the principal Jewish business houses, burning the leading factories and murdering and robbing. The consulates are protected by troops and the hotels are guarded by soldiers. Over a hundred persons have been injured during today's rioting, and three physicians are attending the wounded and slaughtered.

Foreigners Ask Protection.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 4.—Following violent and continued outbreaks in Southern Russia, the foreign residents are making frantic appeals to the embassies here for protection. The ambassadors of Great Britain and Austria-Hungary, and other countries called upon General Trepoff demanding that an immediate provision for the protection of their people be made.

General Trepoff responded by promising to afford the protection, but expressed the belief that no alarm or oppression need be entertained.

Witte Disturbing Element

St. Petersburg, Nov. 4.—Among the diplomats here it is considered probable that Witte may prove a thorn in the side of the statesmen now laboring to secure the Anglo-Russian entente, owing to the suspicion it has aimed primarily to the isolation of Germany. Count Lamsdorff, however, is a friend of the proposition. Negotiations the Associated Press has learned have not proceeded very far.

Soldiers Carried on Shoulders.

Warsaw, Nov. 4.—A most remarkable

feature of the demonstrations here is the fraternization of people with soldiers who were carried on the shoulders of the civilians and supplied with champagne, cigarettes and other luxuries. A great rage, however, prevails against the cossacks, who attacked the crowds, killing many persons.

Odessa's Suburbs Devastated.

London, Nov. 4.—All dispatches received here from the Russian centers go to confirm the seriousness of the situation throughout Russia, especially in regard to the anti-Jewish excesses. The Daily Mail's Odessa correspondent says three suburbs of Odessa have been completely devastated.

No Disturbances in Austria.

Vienna, Nov. 4.—There has been no repetition of yesterday's disturbances today. The governor of lower Austria announces the question of universal suffrage on a fair way toward legislative settlement.

Relinquish Their Ranks.

Christiana, Nov. 4.—All members of the Swedish Royal Family have relinquished their ranks hitherto held in the Norwegian army and navy.

"Black Hundred" Killing Jews

St. Petersburg, Nov. 4.—The organization of the "Black Hundred" is attacking and killing Jews in many sections.

Must Grant People's Demands.

Warsaw, Nov. 4.—A great meeting of railroad men was held tonight and it was determined to continue the strike until all the people's demands are granted.

SOLDIER BOYS PLAY

Turn Lights at Flagler and Casey on Moving Vessels.

MARINE MEN ARE INCENSED

Glaring Lights Are Centered on Pilot House and Navigation is Rendered Hazardous—Marine Men Will Complain to the War Department.

Seattle, Nov. 3.—Pilots and captains of vessels entering Puget Sound, are vigorously protesting against the indiscriminate use of the big searchlights with which the government fortifications at Flagler and Casey are equipped. This powerful instrument sweeps the water for miles and miles, and are supposed to be used for the discernment of an approaching foe, in time of war, but the soldiers often employ them for a very different purpose.

During the last several months, there have been frequent complaints from marine men, to the effect that the lights are manipulated, with seeming deliberation, directly upon the pilot houses of a moving vessel, completely blinding the man at the wheel, and rendering the movement of the ship extremely hazardous. As fast as the vessel progressed the men say, just so fast the light would travel also.

Of late these occurrences have increased in regularity, and shipping men are determined to stand it no longer. They allege that the effect of these actions; may sometime be the destruction of some vessel inward or outward bound, and a formal complaint will be at once drawn up and forwarded to the war department.

About two years ago steamboat men of the Columbia were confronted with almost precisely the same nuisance. On numerous occasions, tugs and all manner of craft traveling in Bakers Bay or the lower river, would be placed in the glare of the big lights from Fort Stevens, the concentration being directly on the pilot house. It was not until one or two unimportant accidents resulted, and a vigorous complaint was made that the practice was stopped.

HOTEL GUTTED BY FIRE

Roomers Narrowly Escape the Flames.

HEAVY LOSS ENTAILED

Timely Discovery of the Fire Saves the Loss of Many Lives.

DAMAGE WILL REACH \$40,000

Hotel Oxford, Fashionable Hostelry of Portland Scene of the Disaster—Occupants Dragged From Their Rooms By Firemen and the Police.

Portland, Nov. 3.—But for the timely discovery of fire in the basement of the Oxford hotel building about 4 o'clock this morning it is probable that serious loss of life would have accompanied the property destruction through the flames that almost completely burned out the lower portion of the building early this morning.

As it was, the scene was one of the most spectacular ever witnessed in the city, when the 50 or more occupants of the upper rooms of the hotel were either dragged from their beds by firemen and policemen or literally choked into wakefulness by the dense columns of smoke from below, that poured into every room and hallway. The property loss is about \$40,000.

The Oxford is one of the fashionable hotels of the city, and nearly all of its 50 rooms were occupied, among the inmates being many ladies and gentlemen of wealth. It is believed that everyone in the building was asleep when the fire broke out in the basement of the store-room occupied by the Portland Safe Company. Half a hundred sleeping inmates were threatened by suffocation before the alarm was turned in.

The scene was one of confusion and desperation seldom duplicated, and it is a wonder that a dozen or more lives were not lost through the suffocation. The testimony of the firemen is that when they reached the scene, the hallways and rooms of the entire building were so filled with smoke that it was all but impossible for the hardiest of the men to penetrate to the sleeping places of the guests and rout them out.

Even with the inmates roused the work of rescue was one of extreme difficulty, for the hysterical cries of frightened women and their frenzied efforts in the smoke-packed air of the rooms and halls, added to the din and confusion that naturally attends an incident of the sort, hindered rather than helped the firemen and policemen in the work of and killed all except Dr. Machle and rescue. The entire building was in wild uproar, and the fire was rapidly eating its way into all parts of the structure when the last of the occupants of the place was gotten safely to ground.

LOUIS OF BATTENBURG ROYALLY ENTERTAINED

Washington, Nov. 3.—With great éclat, Prince Louis of Battenberg, and bearer of a personal message of good will from King Edward to the President was received by President and Mrs. Roosevelt today. The formal presenta-

IMPERIAL HIGH JINKS.

Japan's Ruler is Feeling Good and Makes it Manifest.

Tokio, Nov. 3, 2 P. M.—At a banquet given in honor of his birthday today, the Emperor expressed his satisfaction at the restoration of peace, and toasted the sovereigns and rulers of the countries represented at his court. Baron d'Anethan, the Belgian minister, and dean of the diplomatic corps, replied to the toast. In the course of his remarks he said:

"The entire world experienced great joy and a feeling of genuine relief at the news of the completion of the war, and applauded the peace which was inspired by the loftiest sentiments of humanity and adds such a beautiful page to the glorious history of His majesty's reign." He concluded by expressing a wish for the continuance of the growing development of Japan.

BOYCOTTERS SQUEALING.

Claimed For Them That They Are Not Responsible For Murders.

Hong Kong, Nov. 3.—Advices from Canton declare that the measures taken to suppress disturbances in the provinces are inadequate and that the native officials will not give out any information on the subject. The Catholic converts have written to Bishop Merel to petition the viceroy of the provinces for the protection of the French mission at Linechow.

It is declared that the boycott headquarters at Canton received the first news of the massacre of the American missionaries at Linechow, but that the native gentry assert that the boycotters are not connected with the slaughter.

CHINESE ATROCITY

Simple Request Excites Latent Hatred and Attack.

SIX AMERICANS ARE DEAD

This Government and Chinese Authorities Will Act in Concert in Apprehending and Punishing the Savages. Guilty of the Villainous Work.

Hong Kong, Nov. 3.—Bishop Merel of the Catholic Church, has received a letter confirming the news of the massacre of American missionaries at Linechow and giving the following particulars.

Dr. Machle requested the removal of a street theatre near his hospital on account of the noise. This request incensed the Chinese, who becoming violent attacked the hospital. The mob then paraded the streets exhibiting the skeleton used in the instruction of the medical classes alleging that it was an example of the foreign inhumanity to the Chinese people.

Becoming frenzied, the crowd burned the hospital, the girl's school and the residence of the missionaries. Dr. Machle, Mrs. Machle, their ten-year old daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Pearle, Dr. Chestnut, and Miss Patterson took refuge in a cave. The mob pursued them and killed all except Dr. Machle and rescue. The American gunboat Callao and its way into all parts of the structure when the last of the occupants of the place was gotten safely to ground. proceeding to the scene of the massacre.